Globetrotters Key Fact Sheet - Science

A habitat provides food, water and shelter for a living thing.



Living things are suited to the habitats that they live in.



Plants and animals that live in a habitat could include badgers, whales, coral and oak trees.

Plants and animals that live in a microhabitat could include woodlice, ants and clover. We might use a magnifying glass to find these plants or animals. A magnifying glass helps to make things appear bigger.



<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		
Living	Living things do all the things on Mrs Gren's	
	list.	
Dead	Dead things used to do all the things on Mrs	
	Gren's list but don't any longer.	
Habitat	The natural home of a plant or animal.	
Environment	The surroundings and conditions of an area.	
Magnifying	A piece of glass or plastic that helps us view	
glass	smaller things.	
Shelter	A place that gives protection against the	
	weather or danger.	
Microhabitat	l J JJ	
	animals lives in.	

Something that has never been alive has never done the things on Mrs
Gren's list.

Movement Respiration Sensitivity

Growth
Reproduction
Excretion
Nutrition



Globetrotters Key Fact Sheet - Geography







We go to school in Canford Heath, which is in Southern England. Canford Heath is a place in the bigger town of Poole. If you visit Poole, you may see boats and ships.

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		
Human features	Something that is built by humans and	
	would not have existed in nature	
	without humans.	
Physical	Something that is natural and that has	
features	existed in nature without humans.	
Country	Land that is controlled by a single	
	government.	
Continents	Earth is divided up into seven large masses	
	of land called continents. These are	
	Africa, Antarctica, Australia, Europe, Asia,	
	South America and North America.	
Globe	The round map of the world.	
Мар	A picture or drawing of places.	
Atlas	A book containing lots of maps.	





Kenya is one of many countries in the continent of Africa.

Globetrotters Key Fact Sheet - History



If you visit Poole Quay now, you will see fishermen, tourists, pubs and restaurants. If you visited Poole in the past, you would have seen a busy trading (selling and buying) town full of people and sometimes pirates!





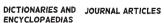
SECONDARY SOURCES

BIBLIOGRAPHIES

BIOGRAPHICAL













COMMENTARIES AND CRITICISMS

To learn about the past, we look at artefacts. These help us to understand what has happened. Some artefacts are very, very old.

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>	
Quay	A stone or metal platform next to
_	water that is used to help load or
	unload ships.
Harbour	A place, near the coast, where boats
	and animals can shelter from rough
	waves.
Smuggler	Someone who sneaks goods into
	places where they shouldn't.
Importing	Bring in goods from another country.
Pirate	A person who attacks and steals from
	ships.
Primary	Something from the time actual time
sources	that it happened.
Secondary	A book, article or other source made
sources	after an event using primary sources.
Taxes	Money people have to pay to the
	government.